

Funding Opportunities for Wyoming Sage-Grouse Conservation Efforts

This list of potential funding sources is not intended to be all encompassing. Various private foundations, companies and individuals not listed below often partner in conservation efforts. Finding and making contact with these potential partners is best accomplished on a local level. The list below includes funding sources that can address various scales of projects ranging from the individual landowner to multi-state efforts. Contact the sources for detailed information, eligibility and application criteria.

State of Wyoming Sources:

Wyoming Wildlife and Natural Resource Trust Account - Created by legislative action in 2005 for the purposes of preserving and enhancing Wyoming's wildlife and natural resources. Income from the trust account is used to fund a wide variety of conservation programs. (web site TBA)

Wyoming Game and Fish Department (WGFD) Trust Fund - Matching grants program for riparian or upland habitat improvement, water development, and industrial water projects.
<http://gf.state.wy.us>

WGFD/U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service – Landowner Incentive Program (LIP) - Provides Federal funds to enhance habitats for sensitive fish and wildlife species on private lands. Priorities in Wyoming are grassland, sagebrush and prairie watersheds. Matching funds, goods or services are required. <http://gf.state.wy.us>

WGFD/Wyoming State General Fund – Wyoming Sage-Grouse Conservation Fund - Funding approved by the legislature via the Governor's budget request designed to implement projects identified in local Sage-Grouse Conservation Plans. <http://gf.state.wy.us>

Wyoming Animal Damage Management Board (ADMB) - Provides funding for the purposes of mitigating damage caused to livestock, wildlife and crops by predatory animals, predacious birds and depredating animals or for the protection of human health and safety. <http://www.wyadmb.com>

Federal Sources:

U.S. Dept. of Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service <http://www.fws.gov>

Partners for Fish and Wildlife Program – Provides assistance to private landowners who want to restore or improve habitat on their property. The landowner is reimbursed based on the cost sharing formula in the agreement, after project completion.

Private Stewardship Program – Provides grants or other assistance to individuals and groups engaged in private conservation efforts that benefits species listed or proposed as endangered or threatened under the Endangered Species Act, candidate species, or other at-risk species on private lands. Maximum Federal share is 90%.

Cooperative Conservation Initiative - Supports efforts to restore natural resources and establish or expand wildlife habitat. Maximum Federal share is 50%.

Multistate Conservation Grant Program - Supports sport fish and wildlife restoration projects identified by the International Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies. Maximum Federal share is 100%.

Tribal Landowner Incentive Program - For actions and activities that protect and restore habitats that benefit Federally listed, proposed, or candidate species, or other at-risk species on tribal lands. Maximum Federal share is 75%.

Tribal Wildlife Grants – Provides for development and implementation of programs for the benefit of tribal wildlife and their habitat. Maximum Federal share is 100%.

Conservation Grants - Provides financial assistance to States to implement wildlife conservation projects such as habitat restoration, species status surveys, public education and outreach, captive propagation and reintroduction, nesting surveys, genetic studies and development of management plans. Maximum Federal share is 75 % for a single state or 90% for two or more states implementing a joint project.

U.S.D.A. Farm Service Agency (FSA) <http://www.fsa.usda.gov/pas/>

Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) - A voluntary program for agricultural landowners. Through CRP, you can receive annual rental payments and cost-share assistance to establish long-term, resource conserving covers and enhance wildlife habitat on eligible agricultural land.

U.S.D.A. Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) <http://www.wy.nrcs.usda.gov>

Conservation Innovation Grants (CIG) - CIG is a voluntary program that enables the NRCS to work with public and private entities to accelerate the development and adoption of innovative conservation approaches and technologies in conjunction with agricultural production.

Conservation Technical Assistance (CTA) - Provides voluntary conservation technical assistance to land-users, communities, units of state and local government, and other Federal agencies in planning and implementing conservation systems. This assistance is for planning and implementing conservation practices that address natural resource issues.

Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP) - Provides a voluntary conservation program for farmers and ranchers that promotes agricultural production and environmental quality as compatible goals. EQIP offers financial and technical help to assist eligible participants install or implement structural and management practices on eligible agricultural land.

Wildlife Habitat Incentives Program (WHIP) – Provides a voluntary program to develop and improve wildlife habitat primarily on private land by providing both technical assistance and up to 75% cost-share assistance to establish and/or improve fish and wildlife habitat.

Sage-Grouse Restoration Project (SGRP) – Cooperative effort involving private landowners, agencies, organizations and universities in a process to evaluate and document, through research and demonstration areas, the effects of NRCS conservation practices in restoring sage-grouse habitat and populations.

Grazing Land Conservation Initiative (GLCI) grants - A nationwide collaborative process of individuals and organizations working to maintain and improve the management, productivity, and health of the Nation's privately owned grazing land. This process has formed coalitions that actively seek sources to increase technical assistance and public awareness activities that maintain or enhance grazing land resources.

Cooperative Conservation Partnership Initiative (CCPI) - A voluntary program established to foster conservation partnerships that focus technical and financial resources on conservation priorities in watersheds and airsheds of special significance. Under CCPI, funds are awarded to State and local governments and agencies; Indian tribes; and non-governmental organizations that have a history of working with agricultural producers.

Conservation Security Program (CSP) - A unique program that goes beyond the past approach of installing conservation practices. Instead, CSP offers rewards to those who have been good stewards of the soil and water resources on their working agricultural land. It also offers incentives for those who wish to exceed the minimum levels of resource protection and enhance the natural resources on the land they manage. The program is available in designated watersheds.

U.S. Dept. of Interior, Bureau of Land Management <http://www.blm.gov>

Challenge Cost Share – This program is designed to leverage funds with partners to monitor and inventory resources; implement habitat improvement projects; develop recovery plans; protect or document cultural resources; provide enhanced recreational experiences; and to better manage wild horse and burro populations. Matching funds, goods or services are required.

Cooperative Conservation Initiative (CCI) – CCI was designed to remove barriers to citizen participation in the stewardship of our natural resources and to help people take conservation into their own hands by undertaking projects at the local level. Projects must seek to achieve the actual restoration of natural resources and/or the establishment or expansion of habitat for wildlife. Matching funds, goods or services are required.

U.S.D.A. Forest Service <http://www.fs.fed.us>

Cooperative project funding – Contact local U.S. Forest Service staff for information about opportunities to develop partnerships in projects involving National Forests or National Grasslands.

Partnership Resource Center - The Partnership Resource Center of the National Forest Foundation (NFF) and the USDA - Forest Service (FS) provides partnering organizations and FS staff with the information to enhance working relationships. Partnerships expand opportunities for

obtaining grants. Many funding sources prefer or require them because projects involving partnerships have an increased potential for success. <http://www.partnershipresourcecenter.org>

Other potential funding sources include but are not limited to:

Wildlife Heritage Foundation of Wyoming - The Wyoming Wildlife Heritage Foundation is an independent, charitable organization whose purpose is to provide financial support, through philanthropy, to critical wildlife conservation efforts in Wyoming. <http://whfw.org>

Wyoming Governor's Big Game License Coalition - Funding generated from the sale of Governor's licenses placed in five accounts: bighorn sheep, moose, elk, mule deer and general wildlife. Funds administered by the Wildlife Heritage Foundation of Wyoming. <http://whfw.org>

National Fish and Wildlife Foundation (NFWF) - General Matching Grant Program - Provides matching grants to priority projects that address fish and wildlife conservation and the habitats on which they depend, work proactively to involve other conservation and community interests, leverage NFWF funding, and evaluate project outcomes. Government agencies, educational institutions, and nonprofit organizations may apply. Grants typically range from \$10,000-\$150,000. <http://www.nfwf.org>

National Fish and Wildlife Foundation - Native Plant Conservation Initiative (NPCI) - NPCI grants of federal dollars are provided to non-profit organizations and agencies for conservation of native plants. NPCI grants range from \$5,000 to \$40,000, averaging \$15,000. Non-Federal matching funds, goods or services are required. There is a strong preference for "on-the-ground" projects that involve local communities and citizen volunteers in the restoration of native plant communities. <http://www.nfwf.org/programs/npci.cfm>

National Fish and Wildlife Foundation - Pulling Together Initiative (PTI) - Provides support for the formation of local Weed Management Area (WMA) partnerships. These partnerships engage federal resource agencies, state and local governments, private landowners, and others in developing weed management projects within an integrated pest management strategy. Non-Federal matching funds, goods or services are required. <http://www.nfwf.org/programs/pti.cfm>

Intermountain West Joint Venture (IWJV) - Joint Venture Cost-Share - Habitats within the IWJV area support nearly 100% of the range of all high priority sagebrush steppe landbird species, such as: Sage Sparrow, Sage Thrasher, Sage-Grouse and Brewer's Sparrow. The purpose of Cost-Share is long-term conservation of bird habitat through partnerships. <http://iwjv.org/costshare.htm>

The Nature Conservancy (TNC) - TNC works with conservation supporters and partner organizations to create funding for conservation worldwide using a variety of creative methods. <http://nature.org>

Tom Thorne Sage-Grouse Conservation Fund – Provides grants for the conservation of sage-grouse in the Upper Green River Basin. The fund was created by Shell Exploration & Production Co. and managed by a board overseen by the Wyoming Community Foundation. www.wycf.com

Rocky Mountain Elk Foundation (RMEF) - RMEF is a wildlife conservation organization with an emphasis on elk. It advocates sustainable, ethical use of resources and seeks common ground among stakeholders. RMEF funds habitat restoration and improvement projects, acquires land or conservation easements. <http://www.rmef.org>

Mule Deer Foundation (MDF) - MDF's goals center on restoring, improving and protecting mule deer habitat. MDF achieves its goals through partnering with state and federal wildlife agencies, conservation groups, businesses and individuals to fund and implement habitat enhancement projects on both public and private lands. <http://www.muledeer.org>

One Shot Antelope Foundation -Water for Wildlife - Water for Wildlife is a conservation program designed to benefit wildlife and the environment in arid regions of the West. Emphasis focuses on the development of supplemental water resources in areas where both the habitat and wildlife are being impaired by lack of this vital resource. <http://www.waterforwildlife.com>

North American Grouse Partnership (NAGP) - Promotes the conservation of prairie grouse and the habitats necessary for their survival and reproduction. <http://www.grousepartners.org>

Pheasants Forever (PF) – Some sage-grouse populations in Wyoming occur within areas that have a local PF chapter. Local chapters determine how their funds are spent. Game birds other than pheasants may be eligible for funding. <http://www.pheasantsforever.org/chapters/>